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# UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE



Environmental Enforcement Section 1425 New York Avenue, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20005

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THE ALLEGHENY GROUP

Re: Second Consent Decree-Civil Action Nos. 79-709,91-329 Comments to disclose facts or consider- Address ations on the inadequateness of the Second Consent Decree

reply to Shirley Virostek 1444 Washington Blvd. Port Vue Pa. 15133

Assistant Attorney General Environment and Natural Resources Division, Department of Justice Washington DC 20530 DO Ref. Nos. 90-5-2-3-1034B and 1034C

March 26,1993

412-6780056

The Sierra Club, Allegheny Group has a number of requested changes to be made to the proposed Second Consent Decree-United States v. USX Corp., C.A. No. 79-709.

The Allegheny Group has a membership of about 4000. It's area of organization comprises ten (10) counties in South Western Pennsylvania.

Because of the very high percent of residents over sixty five (65), a group most sensitive to air pollution, we are particularly concerned about having the cleanest air possible in Allegheny County.

One method of controlling emissions from a recalcitrant company is the carrot and stick approach. This Consent Decree has, indeed, provided the carrot. The Sierra Club believes that the stick is not strong enough to get USX's attention.

The largest by-product recovery coke oven facility in the world, releasing known health threatening carcinogens to the atmosphere for over a three (3) year period, has been granted a nominal fine! This without question is adding insult to injury!

\*Is this decree reflective of the environmental enforcement policy of President Clinton's administration?"

The E.P.A. Standards Development Division, presently éstablishing National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP's) for Coke Ovens, considers raw coke-oven gas ventings so serious that the regulation is requiring igniters on all by-product recovery coke-oven battery bleeder stacks. The E.P.A. quotes the thirteen (13) ventings at Clairton Coke (USX,USS) as the jus fication for the proposal. They also state "emission estimates" TARTMENT OF JUSTICE based on the composition of the gas, the frequency of the bypass events and their duration, indicate that the average annual emission The Allegheny Group of the Pennsylvania Chapter

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from by-passing coke-oven gas has the potential to exceed the emissions from doors, topside port lids, offtake systems and charging. (I am sure you have documentation of the quantity of BSO, H<sub>2</sub>S, benzene, methane and other toxics emitted during these episodes.)

Thirteen reoccurances of the same outrageous violation was resolved only by United State Steel accessing monies owed in a previous modified consent decree! The Plaintiffs made the concession enabling USS to purchase igniters at reduced cost. Would they (USS) have installed this control equipment without this incentive? By-product recovery coke batteries across the nation will be required to install igniters. The penalty money offset to USS for this installation should be returned to the Clean Air Fund!

We believe the fine of one million eight hundred thousand dollars (\$1,800,000.00) is insignificant compared to the seriousness of the violation! Non-compliance of consent decrees by United States Steel has been on-going since their inception.

Even the State of Pennsylvania is including compliance reviews in considering permit issuance to determine if a company has shown a lack of intention to comply with the Air Pollution Control Act.

<u>USX (their parent company) has an environmental record</u> which places them as one of the ten (10) worst polluters in the nation.

The Sierra Club has researched agreements pertaining to coke facility violations. Here are some of the results:

A. Inland Steel (1990 lawsuit-Region 5 E.P.A.) a fine of \$3.5 million dollars and they must spend \$51 million on clean up and plant improvement. Accused of exceeding wastewater discharge levels and pumping too many pollutants into the air from a boiler, coke ovens, and a steel making shop. They have (5) operating batteries.

B. USX,USS Works, Gary Indiana (Region 5 E.P.A.) fined 34 million in penalties and clean up costs and 1.6 million more for violating the Clean Air Act. They have (5) operating coke batteries.

C. Bethlehan Steel, Burns Harbor Indiana (Partial Consent Decree, Region 5 E.P.A.) Alleged violations of the Clean Air Act. A civil penelty of six hundred thousand dollars (\$600,000.00)pertaining to coke oven stacks and doors. They have (2) operating batteries.

The tardiness of the U.S. Justice Department in resolving an action dating back to the year 1987 has resulted in a "Company" argument that they have made needed improvments and that the penalty amount should be reduced to reflect that. Provisions of the Act require owners or operators to operate a source in accordance with good air pollution control practices for minimizing emissions and for proceedures for correcting malfunctions as soon as possible!

The Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) increases fines per repeated violations of the same nature and identical location.

Another area of concern is the wording changes in this decree which supercedes former decrees. The finely crafted provisions in the Second Modification of Amended Consent Decree, lodged with the court on May 29,1991,page 6 (5) and page 7 reflect precise language for report certification and responsible corporate official. The Sierra Club of Allegheny County would like to see this wording reinstated in the proposed consent decree.

Stipulated penalties in consent decrees usually last the life of the document. This "Consent Decree" has stipulated penalties of limited life, July 1,1992 through January 1,1993. (Already passed) Given the past history of continued violations at this USX, USS plant, the Sierra Club, Allegheny Group, believes that the stipulated penalties section should continue for at least five years. This stick would have the effect of ensuring continuing compliance and prevent back sliding. The benefit of this inclusion would allay the community fear of exposure.

Finally, the Sierra Club, Allegheny Group, is confused

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by the term on page three (3).

"""granted to Group Against Smog and Pollution (GASP)
permissive intervention.""

Somewhere, perhaps in I.DEFINITIONS, you could define what the term <u>permissive intervention</u> means. Through out this Consent Decree the term is used, and the Sierra Club does not know what it means.

We will be waiting for your response. Thank you for your attention.

Yours truly,

Shirley Campbell Virostek Air Toxic Subcommittee Chair

Skilly C. Virostek

1444 Washington Blvd.Port Vue Pa.15133

412-6780056

Marilyn Skolnick Clean Air Subcommittee Chair

### UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY REGION III

## 841 Chestnut Building Philadelphia, Pennsylvania 19107

SUBJECT: USX Consent Decree - Sierra Club

DATE: 4-5-93

comments

Confidential Attorney-Client

Communication

FROM: Bill Smith

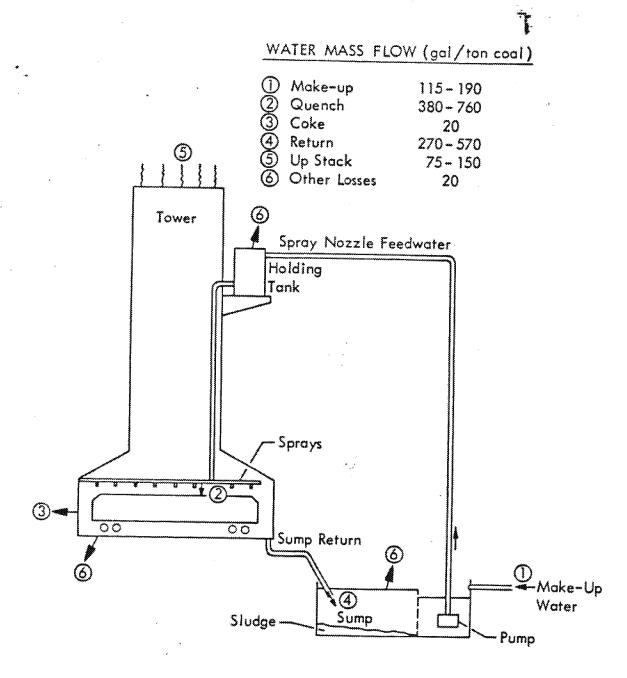
TO:

Dennis Lohman (3AT23) Michael Ioff (3AT23)

Attached are comments on the USX consent decree from the Sierra Club, Allegheny Group. As you can see, this commenter disagrees with the amount of the proposed fine, the report certification provision, and the 6 month stipulated penalty provision. Sierra Club also wants a definition of "permissive intervention" included in the decree.

I don't believe this commenter raises issues that necessitate the withdrawal the proposed decree, as the amount of the fine was properly calculated in accordance with our civil penalty policy, the certification provision is legally sufficient, and the term of the stipulated penalties reflects the fact that the facility has essentially been brought into compliance. However, the government will formally address these comments in our motion to lodge the decree. If you have any questions or concerns about these comments, please let me know.

cc: Judy Katz



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Figure 1. Schematic diagram of a wet quench tower.